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SATURDAY, MARCH 12. 1737.

№ 534.

To the DAILY GAZETTEER.

SIR,

THE *Craftſmen* have two Purpoſes to anſwer in keeping a Matter in Debate, which makes every good *Engliſhman* uneaſy, now the Deciſion of it is over in the Place, where only it was fit to be debated. The one is to foment a Spirit of Diviſion among Perſons, whoſe Affection and Intereſts are inſeperable from thoſe of the Publick. The other is to draw the Writers of this Paper into ſome unguarded Expreſſion, in the Heat of Argument, which they may make a Handle of to aſperſe them with want of Duty, Reſpect, and Love, where it can never be wanted without the greateſt Folly, Indiſcretion, Raſhneſs and Ingratitude.

THE *Craftſmen* flatter themſelves, that ſuch a wrong, unwary Step, would countenance them in their baſeſt and moſt inſolent and ſeditious Parallels and Falſhoods; but their Craft, like the Filth that is ſtirred up in troubled Waters, reiſs to the Top, and is eaſily skimmed off and flung away.

ONE may reaſonably conjecture, that the *Craftſmen* of *March* 5, was written by a Gentleman, and not by *Caleb D'Anvers*, tho' the Writer has injured his own Character, by mixing too much of *D'Anvers*'s Stile with it in groundleſs and unwarrantable Inſinuations. If I take the Writer to be of the Rank of Men of Honour, I cannot make uſe of the Language which moſt explains the Matter and Intent of Mr. *D'Anvers*'s Writings. I ſhall only take notice of a few Miſtakes in the above-mentioned Journal, which, perhaps, may be, in ſome Meaſure, owing to the Light the Matters were put into in Monſieur *Rapin*'s Hiſtory, which, tho' he wrote with great Regard to Truth and Accuracy, yet for want of more Acquaintance with the Characters of Perſons, has left many Things imperfect. I ſay not this to depreciate the Merit of a Hiſtory, which doubtleſs is the beſt that ever was written by a Foreigner of another Country.

The Gentleman who aſſiſted *Caleb* on this Occaſion tells us, *The Character of Prince* Richard *in the Gazetteer, is the groſſeſt Outrage upon Hiſtory: That* Richard *had not one good Quality beſides Courage*, which ſo was nothing but a *brutiſh Fierceneſs*, as he takes it from Mr. *Rapin*. But I do not conceive that *Rapin*'s ſaying it, juſtifies an *Engliſh* Writer in repeating it; becauſe he has many Opportunities of a more thorough Information. However, he is not contented with that coarſe Image of Prince *Richard*'s Valour out of *Rapin*, he adds, after the ſame Hiſtorian, *It is in vain to look in him for ſome other Virtues that might afford Matter for Panegyrick. Pride, Avarice, and Luſt, had got ſuch the Aſcendant over him, that they were commonly called his* Three Daughters. When this Gentleman is cenſuring another for committing Outrages upon Hiſtory, he ſhould, methinks, have taken eſpecial Care not to have done it himſelf, as I imagine the Reader will apprehend he has, in giving a Picture of *Richard Cœur de Lion*, ſo different from the old *Engliſh* Originals after the Life.

HOLINSHED, the honeſteſt and moſt circumſtantiating of all our Hiſtorians, having ſpoken of King *Richard*'s good Qualities: You ſee I have not been ſeeking for them in vain, as his *Courteouſneſs*, *Liberality*, *Eloquence*, *Wiſdom* and *Intrepidity*: *Holliſhed*, after, having enumerated theſe Virtues, adds, *Theſe were his virtuous Qualities, but his Vices (if his Virtues, Age, and the Wars, were thoroughly weighed) were few none at all, or elſe few in Number, and not very grievous.* Old *Holliſhed* ſpeaks alſo of his *Three Daughters, Pride, Avarice* and *Luſt*, rather as a ſcandalous, malicious Reflection of a *French* Prieſt, his Enemy, than as an undoubted Truth. The Story is ſufficient enough, and I give it in his own Words.

'WHILE King *Richard* ſojourned in *France* about the War which he held againſt King *Philip*, there came to him a *French* Prieſt, whoſe Name was *Baldwin*, a Preacher of ſome Reputation among the common People. This Preacher required the King in anywiſe to put from him his Three *abominable Daughters* which he had, and to commit them to 'Marriage, leſt God puniſhed him for them. *Thou lieſt, Hypocrite*, ſaid the King, *to thy very Face; for all the World knoweth, that I have not one Daughter.* 'The Prieſt replied, I lye not, for thou haſt Three 'Daughters, one of them is call'd *Pride*, and another *Covetouſneſs*, and the Third, *Luſt*. With that the 'King called unto him his Lords and Barons, and ſaid 'unto them, *This Hypocrite here required me to marry forth my* Three Daughters, *which, as he ſaith, I cheriſh and maintain, that is to ſay, Pride, Covetouſneſs and Luſt*; and now that I have found out apt 'Husbands for them, I will do it with Effect, and 'ſeek no more Delays: *I therefore bequeath my* Pride 'to *the High-minded* Templars *and* Hoſpitallers, 'which *are as proud as Lucifer himſelf. My* Covetouſneſs *I give to the* White Friers, *otherwiſe called the* 'Ciſteaux *Order, for they covet the Devil and All. My* 'Luſt *I commit to the Prelates of the Church, who have* 'moſt *Pleaſure and Felicity therein.*' As fine a Piece of old-faſhion'd Raillery, as is any where to be met with; and methinks an *Engliſh* Gentleman ſhould, for the Pleaſantry of it, have avoided giving it ſo ſerious a Turn, and to ſay that, in *Earneſt*, which a *French* Prieſt ſaid in *Malice* of a King of *England*, who was at the ſame time carrying on a War in *France*. Neither can it be proved, that the Cenſure caſt upon King *Richard* by this *French* Prieſt, was made by any one but himſelf, or that the *Three Daughters* was a *common Report*. If Mr. *Rapin* has ſo repreſented it, I cannot help that, and perhaps the ſaying it, would be more excuſeable in a *Frenchman* than an *Engliſhman*; tho' it is hard to find an Excuſe for ſaying any thing in Hiſtory that is not exactly conformable to the Truth.

As to the Charge againſt the *Gazetteer* for quoting *Rapin* unfairly as to Prince, afterwards King *Richard*'s diſmiſſing thoſe that had adhered to him againſt his Father, there's no need of having Recourſe to the *French* Hiſtory again; it will be better ſet a-right by quoting *Holliſhed*. *Thoſe that had forſaken his Father, and taken Part with him againſt his Father, he ſeemed now ſo much to miſlike, that he removed them utterly from his Preſence, and contrarywiſe, preferred ſuch as had continued faithful to his Father.*

THE Gentleman's Paragraph *I forbear mentioning*, &c. is of a Nature ſo oppoſite to Sincerity and Decency, and tends ſo much to the encouraging of Faction and Sedition, that it is not to be meddled with, but doubtleſs, was thrown in the Way to provoke a heedleſs Writer to explain it, by animadverting upon it. This little Artifice is ſo tranſparent, that one ſees thro' it immediately.

THAT this Gentleman's Knowledge of Hiſtory is only Skin-deep, appears by his falling into the vulgar Errors; as where he tells us that Prince *Henry*, afterwards King *Henry* the Vth. went ſo far in *Diſſoluteneſs of Life, as to rob on the Highway*, which he is pleaſed to call the *true State of the Fact*. Whereas this *robbing on the Highway*, was only a Frolick of Youth play'd upon his own Servants, his Receivers and Rent-Gatherers; from whom he took only what was his own. The Chronicler *Stow*, tells this Story very naturally and credibly. 'He lived ſomewhat 'Inſolently, inſomuch, that whilſt his Father was 'living, being accompanied with ſome of his young 'Lords and Gentlemen, he would wait in diſguiſed 'Array for his own Receivers, and diſtreſs them of 'their Money; and ſometimes at ſuch Enterpriſes, 'he and his Company were ſorely beaten; and when 'his Receivers made to him their Complaints, how 'they were robbed in their coming to him, he would 'give them a Diſcharge of ſo much as they had loſt; 'and beſides that, they ſhould not depart from him 'without great Rewards for their Trouble and Vexation, eſpecially they ſhould be rewarded, that had 'beſt reſiſted him and his Company, and of whom 'he had received the greateſt and moſt Strokes.'

I was ſorry to ſee the Gentleman's Quotation out of a modern Hiſtory, which I perceive he implicitely confides in, it containing an Inſinuation, that Prince *Henry*'s Father, *Henry* the IVth. *directed ſome about* his Son, to lead him into diſhonourable Courſes, on Purpoſe to render him unfit for, and out of Love with, State Affairs; becauſe there is not the leaſt Foundation for ſuch a wild, indecent Reflection, in any of our *Engliſh* Hiſtories.

ANOTHER vulgar Error which this Gentleman gives into, is the miſtaking Sir *John Falſtaff*, one of the gallanteſt Men of that Age, for a *Poltron*, or, as he ſays, a *proſtigate Wretch*, perhaps, becauſe *Shakeſpear*, on no better Account than the Mirth he conceived to be in the Name *Falſe-Staff*, repreſents him as a *Scoundrel*, contrary to the real Truth and poetical Juſtice, which *Shakeſpear* did not much regulate himſelf by in the Conduct of his Comedies, and therefore did and ſaid every Thing he thought would pleaſe the Audience. It would have been entertaining, if the Gentleman had told us, when he ſaid Prince *Henry* was turn'd out of all his *Civil* as well as *Military* Employments, what thoſe Civil Ones were, becauſe it is a Secret, no Hiſtorian that I have yet ſeen has let us into.

IN the general Obſervations at the Cloſe of the *Craftſman*, the *Affirmative* is changed to the deciſive Tone, and the Writer is ſo frank, as to apply what was ſaid of *Faction* in general, to a particular Inſtance which never entered into any one's Head. However, to throw the Minds of the giddy Multitude into Confuſion, he terrifies them with this aſtoniſhing Alarm. *I cannot, ſays he, without Horror, reflect upon it*, a Verſe of *Ovid*'s, *It will alarm the whole Nation with Apprehenſions of dreadful Conſequences*, whereas no mortal Man has had the leaſt Apprehenſion of that Kind; but on the contrary, every one does verily believe, that an *incorrigible Faction*, is *immedicabile vulnus*, in a *moral* and *political* Senſe.

Dublin Caſtle, March 1. This being her Majeſty's Birth-day, the Great Guns were fired at the Barracks, and anſwer'd by Vollies from the Regiments in Gariſon, which were drawn out upon Oxmantown-Green: At Noon the Lords Juſtices met at the Caſtle, and received the Compliments of the Nobility and other Perſons of Diſtinction, before whom an Ode ſet to Muſick was performed; and at Night there was a Play given by the Government for the Entertainment of the Ladies, and there were Bonfires, Illuminations, and all other uſual Demonſtrations of Joy.

Edinburgh, March 4. Tueſday laſt being the Anniverſary of her Majeſty's Birth, the Magiſtrates and Town Council of this City, in Teſtimony of their ſincere and inviolable Attachment to his Majeſty's Perſon and Government, aſſembled in the Borough's Room, attended by ſeveral of the Nobility, my Lord Juſtice Clerk, the Lords of Seſſion, and other Perſons of Diſtinction, where was drank the Healths of his Sacred Majeſty King George, his Royal Conſort Queen Caroline, their Royal Highneſſes the Prince and Princeſs of Wales, and all the Royal Family; Succeſs to the preſent Miniſtry, all his Majeſty's faſt Friends at Home and Abroad, with many other dutiful and loyal Healths, each under a Diſcharge of the Muſketry of the Town Guard, while the City Muſick played and the Muſick Bells rung. At Night the Great Bells took Place, when the Honourable Company repaired to the Principal Taverns in Town, where they repeated the above Healths.

We are told that the Hon. Lord Chief Baron Lant is elected Governor of the Royal Bank, and the Right Hon. Andrew Fletcher of Milton, Eſq; Lord Juſtice Clerk, &c. Deputy Governor.

LONDON.

They write from Dublin, that the Right Hon. Owen Wynne, Eſq; Lieutenant General and Commander in Chief of all his Majeſty's Forces in Ireland, in the Abſence of the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Shannon, Governor of Derry and Culmore Fort, Major General of the Foot, Colonel of the Royal Iriſh Dragoons, conſiſting of three Squadrons, lately commanded by General Evans, and Member of his Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy Council, and Knight of the Shire for the County of Sligo, died a few Days ago at his Seat at Haſlewood, near the Town of Sligo.

On the 2d of March died ſuddenly, at his Houſe in Capel ſtreet, Dublin, the Rev. Miniſter of Dunleer, Dr. John Singleton, Brother to Henry Single-

ton, Esq; Prime Serjeant at Law; and on the 4th he was carried to Drogheda for Interment. He was a Gentleman inestimable for his good Nature, Piety, Humanity and Learning, and his Death is very much lamented, especially by all that had the Happiness of his Acquaintance.

The same Day a Woman was buried at St. Catherine's Church, and a Noise being heard in the Night and next Morning in the Grave, the Coffin was taken up and open'd, when the Woman was found to be alive, but very bloody and much bruised; yet she lived but a few Hours after, and was again buried the next Night.

Next Day died at her House at St. Stephen's Green in Dublin, the Lady Elizabeth Bligh, Grandmother to the Right Hon. the Earl of Darnley and on the Friday following she was interred at St. Warburgh's Church.

The same Day died in Skinner Row, Dublin, Godfrey Green, Esq; Counsellor at Law.

Yesterday Dr. Green, chief Surgeon of St. Bartholomew's Hospital, lay dangerously ill at his House in Red Lyon Square.

Last Night Alderman Alsop lay at the Point of Death.

On Thursday Night a Gentleman and his Lady in their Chariot, were robbed by 3 Highwaymen near Pancras Wash, and Yesterday Morning they were taken at the Red Lyon in Highgate, and being carried before Justice Mercer, were committed to Newgate.

On Thursday Night last a Footman, who was keeping Places at Drury-Lane Play-House upon the Stage behind the Curtain, hearing some Gentlemen who were in the Pit, call to some Footmen who were in the Boxes to take off their Hats, leapt from his Seat, and opening the Curtain, cry'd out with a laudable Voice, biding the said Footmen keep on their Hats; whereupon, Colonel De Veil, who was in the House, to prevent farther Disturbances, had him taken into Custody, but asking Pardon for his Offence, for which he had been some Hours in Custody, he was released at the Request of several Ladies of Quality, when the Play was over.

And Yesterday Richard Blunt, William Powell, and William Star, were committed to Newgate by the same Gentleman, for Shoplifting at Kensington, and seloniously and burglariously taking from Messieurs Ros, Linen-drapers there, several Pieces of Silk Handkerchiefs, to the Value of Ten Pounds and upwards.

And David Farley, John Whitehead, Joseph Kenny, and John Blackett, were also committed Yesterday by Colonel De Veil to Tothill-Fields Bridewell, as loose, idle, disorderly Persons, and reputed Pick-Pockets, who infest the Play-House every Night.

Bank Stock 149 Books shut. India no Price. South Sea 103 3-8ths. Old Annuity 113 5-8ths to 3-4ths. New Ditto 113 1-8th to 1-4th. Three per Cent. 106 1-4th. Emperor's Loan 116 1-4th. Royal-Assurance 108 1-half 3-4ths. London Assurance 14 5-8ths to 3-4ths. African 14. India Bonds 6 l. 12 s. to 14 s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 6 l. 11 s. to 13 s. Prem. South Sea ditto 3 l. 3 s. Prem. New Bank Circulation 2 l. 7 s. 6 d. Premium. Salt Tallies 2 to 4. Premium. English Copper 2 l. 15 s. Welsh ditto, no Price. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 1-half per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 1 7-8ths to 2 per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 120.

Custom-House, London, March 10, 1736.

WHEREAS on Saturday the 5th of this Instant March, Richard Burleigh, a notorious Smugler, made his Escape from Dover Castle, where he was committed Prisoner for the Murder of John Wood, an Officer of the Customs at Newhaven, in May 1733, and Richard Rider, a Foot Soldier in the Regiment late General Tattons, who was a Guard on the said Burleigh, and assisted him in making his Escape, is gone with him; The Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs do hereby promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds, to any Person or Persons who shall apprehend the said Burleigh, to be paid by the Receiver General of the Customs. The said Burleigh is upwards of 30 Years of Age, about 5 Foot 10 or 11 Inches high, a well Limb'd, strong, proportioned Man, of a very swarthy Complexion, a little pitted with the Small Pox, long Visage, black Eyes, formerly wore a light, but of late a brown natural Wig, and when walks, he goes as tho' he was in a Hurry, his Legs are proportionable to his Body and Height: He was born at Southwold in Suffolk, but since has lived at Lynn in Norfolk, and at Dunkirk and Flushing.

Signed by Order of the said Commissioners.

CHA. CARKESSE, *Secretary.*

East India House, March 9, 1736.

THE Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants Trading to the East Indies, do hereby give Notice, That a General Court of the said Company will be holden at their House in Leadenhall-street, on Wednesday the 16th Instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, on Special Affairs.

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